

Planetary Health Report Card (Medicine):

Tufts University



2022-2023 Contributing Team:

• Students: Jasmine Bagnas, Julia Duffy

• Faculty Mentors: Dr. Laura Corlin

• Primary Contact: Jasmine Bagnas, jasmine.bagnas@tufts.edu

Summary of Findings

Overall	C
<u>Curriculum</u>	C -

- In the preclinical years, environmental pollutants, changing disease dynamics, and sustainable diets are all mentioned but the impact of climate change and anticipated future exacerbations are not mentioned. Additionally, an entire lecture on Climate Health is included in the Threads course.
- **Recommendations:** In the appropriate organ blocks, a slide or two should be prioritized to explore how the systems will be treated in our changing world. Additionally, a session on engaging patients regarding planetary health and associated health issues should be included prior to beginning rotations.

Interdisciplinary Research

В

- Both Tufts University and The Friedman School of Nutrition have broader research emphasis on sustainability and planetary health. The Tufts University School of Medicine (TUSM) Maine track has some faculty who focus on these issues, but the Boston campus lacks opportunities dedicated to medical students.
- **Recommendations**: The comprehensive offerings at the undergraduate institution could make an effort to better highlight sustainability research in the medical school, raising the profile of this research and hopefully making it more accessible to medical school students.

Community Outreach and Advocacy

D

- Tufts University School of Medicine has little community outreach relating to planetary health.
- Recommendations: Tufts has the solid foundation of the Community Service Learning program to build upon a
 required service learning opportunity for most medical students. This presents the opportunity to develop an
 opportunity tailored to planetary health and community engagement.

Support for Student-Led Initiatives

B

- Tufts University School of Medicine offers support for students if they take initiatives. There are grants available if students pursue them, select research mentors that can be sought out (primarily on the Maine campus) and funding for the sustainability club's meetings. There is also an unofficially Sustainability chair. However, many of these initiatives are purely student led and not institutionalized.
- **Recommendations**: We hope to solidify the Sustainability Chair position by making them an official member of the Student Council. It's also recommended that planetary / environmental health becomes a tag for research offerings so it is easier for students to identify opportunities in this realm. Finally, we hope to find and engage official faculty sponsorship for our student club and initiatives.

Campus Sustainability

D

- Tufts University broadly has made great strides in progressing towards a more sustainable campus. New construction is thoughtful, they have partially divested from fossil fuels, Tufts University School of Medical has made good progress to become a more sustainable campus in conjunction with the wider University, including fossil fuel divestment and using fully renewable energy on site, to setting achievable goals for carbon neutrality in the future.
- **Recommendations**: We hope to continue focusing on making lab spaces more sustainable and improve/introduce sustainable guidelines for events and procurement.

Statement of Purpose

Planetary health is human health.

The Planetary Health Alliance describes planetary health as "a solutions-oriented, transdisciplinary field and social movement focused on analyzing and addressing the impacts of human disruptions to Earth's natural systems on human health and all life on Earth." This definition is intentionally broad, intended to encompass the multitude of ways that the environment can affect health, including water scarcity, changing food systems, urbanization, biodiversity shifts, natural disasters, climate change, changing land use and land cover, global pollution, and changing biogeochemical flows. The health of humanity is dependent on our environment, and our environment is changing rapidly and in disastrous ways. Although the World Health Organization has called climate change "the greatest threat to global health in the 21st century," many medical school's institutional priorities do not reflect the urgency of this danger to human health.

As future health professionals, we must be prepared to address the impacts of human-caused environmental changes on our patients' health. This preparation is in the hands of the institutions providing our medical training. It is imperative that we hold our institutions accountable for educating medical students about the health impacts of climate change and other anthropogenic environmental changes, generating research to better understand health impacts and solutions, supporting related student initiatives, embracing sustainable practices as much as possible, and engaging with surrounding communities that are most affected by environmental threats. Because climate change and environmental threats disproportionately affect vulnerable populations (for example, communities of color, older adults sensitive to health threats, and individuals in low-resource settings), these issues are inherently ones of equity and justice.

With the purpose of increasing planetary health awareness and accountability among medical schools, we have created a Planetary Health Report Card that medical students internationally can use to grade and compare their home institutions on an annual basis. This medical-student-driven initiative aims to compare medical schools nationally and internationally on the basis of discrete metrics in five main category areas: 1) planetary health curriculum, 2) interdisciplinary research in health and environment, 3) university support for student planetary health initiatives, and 4) community outreach centered on environmental health impacts 5) medical school campus sustainability.

Definitions & Other Considerations

Definitions:

- Planetary Health: is described by the Planetary Health Alliance as "the health of human civilization and the state of the natural systems on which it depends." For example, topics such as climate change, declining biodiversity, shortages of arable land and freshwater, and pollution would all fall under the realm of planetary health. Both planetary health and traditional 'environmental health' examine the relationship between human health and the external environment, including extreme temperatures, chemicals, vector-borne diseases, etc. Planetary health explicitly concerns itself with the potential health harms associated with human-caused perturbations of natural systems. Therefore, the human health focus of planetary health makes the field well-adapted for the context of medical school education. Throughout this report card, we use the term planetary health to refer to this broad swath of topics, but resources do not need to explicitly include the term "planetary health" to satisfy the metric.
- Sustainable Healthcare: As defined by the Academy of Royal Colleges, sustainable
 healthcare involves ensuring the ability to provide good quality care for future generations by
 balancing the economic, environmental, and social constraints and demands within health
 care settings. A sustainable healthcare system maintains population health, reduces disease
 burden and minimizes use of healthcare services.
- Education for Sustainable Healthcare (ESH): is defined as the process of equipping current and future health professionals with the knowledge, attitudes, skills and capacity to provide environmentally sustainable services through health professional education, thus working to decrease the enormous environmental impact of the healthcare industry. Planetary Health Education is an integral part of this education rather than an end in itself. This is because knowledge on Planetary Health is required to be able to fully understand the necessity of sustainable healthcare as well as being part of the broader knowledge needed to fully protect and promote health. In summary, ESH is covered by the three Priority Learning Outcomes of the Centre of Sustainable Healthcare below, and Planetary Health Education is embraced in the first learning objective and is a fundamental requirement to achieve learning outcomes 2 and 3:
 - 1. Describe how the environment and human health interact at different levels.
 - 2. Demonstrate the knowledge and skills needed to improve the environmental sustainability of health systems.
 - 3. Discuss how the duty of a doctor to protect and promote health is shaped by the dependence of human health on the local and global environment.
- Medical School vs. Institution: When "medical school" is specified in the report card, this
 only refers to curriculum and resources offered by the School of Medicine and does not
 include offerings from other parts of the university (e.g. undergraduate departments (USA),
 other related departments (e.g. Public Health, Population Health departments). In contrast,
 when "institution" is specified in the report card, we are referring to the university more

broadly. Any resource reasonably accessible by medical students, no matter where in the institution the resource comes from or if it is specifically targeted for medical students, can meet this metric.

- Environmental history (Metric #19 in Curriculum Section): This is a series of questions providers are taught to ask during medical encounters that elicits patients' exposures and environmental risk factors. Historically, this has included consideration of exposures like pesticides, asbestos, and lead, though in the modern era shaped by climate change, it can be expanded to include things like wildfire smoke exposure, air pollution and mold after flooding. Key components include place of residence over the lifecourse, occupational history, food and water sources (e.g. meat from industrial feeding operations, regular fishing in contaminated water, access to clean drinking water), and exposure to air pollution.
- **Elective:** The word "elective" refers to an optional course or lecture series that a medical student can opt to take part in but is not a requirement in the core curriculum. Generally, these elective courses take place in the preclinical curriculum but vary by school.
- Clerkship: This is a term used in the USA to refer to placements that medical students go on e.g. Pediatrics, General medicine, Psychiatry. In the UK these are referred to as rotations or placements.

Other considerations:

• If there are more than one "tracks" at your medical school with two different curricula (for example, Harvard Medical School has a Pathways and HST curriculum track), you can choose to fill out a report card for each track, or fill out just one report card and average the scores received by each track in cases where the scores are different (see the 2021 Harvard or Oxford report cards as examples).

Added to our resources last year, the Planetary Health Report Card <u>Literature</u> Review by <u>Metric</u> collates the evidence behind each of the metrics in the Planetary Health Report Card. It serves as a collection of references for further learning and a resource for those advocating for increased planetary health engagement at their institutions.

Planetary Health Curriculum

Section Overview: This section evaluates the integration of relevant planetary health topics into the medical school curriculum. Today's medical students will be on the frontlines of tackling the health effects of climate and other environmental changes. Therefore, it is critical that medical students are trained to understand the health effects of these changes, as well as planetary health issues and principles more broadly. Topics like the changing geography of vector-borne diseases, the health consequences of air pollution, environmental health inequities, and disaster response principles must be part of every medical school's core curriculum.

Curriculum: General

1. Did your <u>medical school</u> offer elective courses (student selected modules) to engage students in Education for Sustainable Healthcare or Planetary Health in the last year?		
3	Yes, the medical school has offered more than one elective whose primary focus is ESH/planetary health in the past year.	
2	Yes, the medical school has offered one elective whose primary focus is ESH/planetary health in the past year.	
1	The medical school does not have any electives whose primary focus is ESH/planetary health, but there are one or more electives that include a lecture on planetary health.	
0	No, the medical school has not offered any electives on planetary health or electives that include ESH/planetary health topics in the past year.	
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Medical Students for a Sustainable Future, the Tufts Ob/Gyn Interest Group, and the Pediatric Interest Group hosted a talk from Dr. Mayra Zlatnik in which she explained the importance of sustainability within the healthcare field, the importance of learning about environmental exposures, and offered ideas as to improving sustainable practices within an Ob/Gyn healthcare setting.

Curriculum: Health Effects of Climate Change

2. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the relationship between extreme heat, health risks, and climate change?		
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.	
0	This topic was not covered.	
Tufts	Tufts University School of Medicine included lectures on the impacts of climate change and extreme	

heat on health in the dermatology, respiratory, cardiology, and renal blocks of the core curriculum.

3. Does your medical school curriculum address the impacts of extreme weather events on individual health and/or on healthcare systems? 3 This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum. 2 This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum. 1 This topic was covered in elective coursework. O This topic was not covered.

Extreme weather events are not clearly addressed in regard to individual health or healthcare systems.

	4. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the impact of climate change on the changing patterns of infectious diseases?	
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.	
0	This topic was not covered.	

The core curriculum briefly covers the expanded reach of diseases such as Zika and fungal infections.

5. Does your medical school curriculum address the respiratory health effects of climate change and air pollution? 3 This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum. 2 This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum. 1 This topic was covered in elective coursework. O This topic was not covered.

TUSM explores the relationship between climate change and air pollution on respiratory health throughout the respiratory block. This includes having students complete a "toxic tour" where they go to different areas in Boston and take note of the different pollutants that exist within the environment and their impact on people's health.

	6. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the cardiovascular health effects of climate change, including increased heat?	
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	

1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.
0	This topic was not covered.

TUSM has a mandatory lecture devoted to this topic titled "Environmental risk factors for cardiovascular disease: What we know, how we know it, and how it affects the practice of medicine."

7. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the mental health and neuropsychological effects of environmental degradation and climate change?		
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.	
0	0 This topic was not covered.	
Thic	This tonic was not covered	

8. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the relationships between health, individual patient food and water security, ecosystem health, and climate change?	
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.
0	This topic was not covered.

TUSM's Clinical Nutrition course touches upon the effects of environmental factors on food insecurity leading to consequences such as malnutrition and chronic disease.

9. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the outsized impact of climate change on marginalized populations such as those with low SES, women, communities of color, Indigenous communities, children, homeless populations, and older adults?		
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.	
0	This topic was not covered.	
In th	In the Deputation Health and Profession of Medicine course, they briefly mentioned how the	

In the Population Health and Profession of Medicine course, they briefly mentioned how the Chinatown community in Boston is experiencing the impacts of climate change more than other parts of Boston. For example, they explored how Chinatown on average is a few degrees hotter and can then lead to further health disparities within this community.

	10. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the unequal regional health impacts of climate change globally?	
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.	
0	This topic was not covered.	
This topic was covered in the Thread's lecture "Climate Health."		

Curriculum: Environmental Health & the Effects of Anthropogenic Toxins on Human Health

11. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the reproductive health effects of industry-related environmental toxins (e.g. air pollution, pesticides)?	
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.
0	This topic was not covered.

As an optional lunch talk, Medical Students for a Sustainable Future, the Tufts Ob/Gyn Interest Group, and the Pediatric Interest Group hosted Dr. Mayra Zlatnik for the second year to discuss a variety of sustainability topics including the unique vulnerabilities of children and pregnant people.

12. Does your medical school curriculum address important human-caused environmental threats that are relevant to the university's surrounding community? 3 This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum. 2 This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum. 1 This topic was covered in elective coursework. O This topic was not covered.

Pollution in the community surrounding Tufts School of Medicine was covered in the Population Health course. Students received a tour of Chinatown, learning about the history and environmental changes that have occurred throughout the past few decades. Air pollution in Chinatown due its proximity to a large interstate was covered as well as sound pollution from the Boston public transportation trains were covered both in lecture and in a tour format.

13. To what extent does your <u>medical school</u> emphasize the importance of Indigenous knowledge and value systems as essential components of planetary health solutions?	
3	Indigenous knowledge and value systems are integrated throughout the medical school's planetary health education
2	Indigenous knowledge and value systems as essential components of planetary health solutions are included briefly in the core curriculum.
1	Indigenous knowledge and value systems as essential components of planetary health solutions are included in elective coursework.
0	This topic was not covered.
This topic was not covered	

14. Does your medical school curriculum address the outsized impact of anthropogenic environmental toxins on marginalized populations such as those with low SES, women, communities of color, children, homeless populations, Indigenous populations, and older adults? 3 This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum. 2 This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum. 1 This topic was covered in elective coursework. O This topic was not covered.

There is a case regarding the health effects of an environmental carcinogen in a required Problem-Based Learning small group discussion session, however the outsized impact to particular communities is not highlighted.

Curriculum: Sustainability

	15. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the environmental and health co-benefits of a plant-based diet?	
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum.	
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.	
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.	
0	This topic was not covered.	

Information about diet and sustainability is covered in the course syllabus (which is part of a portfolio of resources for students) but not explicitly in lectures, nor is it tested.

16. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum address the carbon footprint of healthcare systems?			
3	This topic was explored in depth by the core curriculum		
2	This topic was briefly covered in the core curriculum.		
1	This topic was covered in elective coursework.		
0	This topic was not covered.		

Medical Students for a Sustainable Future hosted a lunch talk with Dr. Matthew Eckelman on the carbon footprint of the healthcare system in both the US and the UK.

	17. Does your <u>medical school</u> curriculum cover these components of sustainable clinical practice in the <u>core</u> curriculum? (points for each)		
2	The health and environmental co-benefits of avoiding over-medicalisation, over-investigation and/or over-treatment		
2	The environmental impact of pharmaceuticals and over-prescribing as a cause of climate health harm. Alternatively teaching on deprescribing where possible and its environmental and health co-benefits would fulfill this metric.		
1	The health and environmental co-benefits of non-pharmaceutical management of conditions where appropriate such as exercise or yoga classes for type 2 diabetes; social group activities such as gardening for mental health conditions; active transport such as bicycle schemes. This is commonly known as social prescribing in the UK.		
1	Environmental impact of surgical healthcare on planetary health and the climate crisis, and how can it be mitigated		
1	The impact of anesthetic gasses on the healthcare carbon footprint and ways to reduce anesthesia environmental impacts, such as total intravenous anesthesia or choosing less environmentally harmful anesthetic gas options with reduced greenhouse gas emissions		
1	The impact of inhalers on the healthcare carbon footprint and the environmental benefit of dry powdered inhalers over metered dose inhalers.		
1	Waste production within healthcare clinics and strategies for reducing waste in clinical activities (e.g. single use items in the inpatient or outpatient setting)		
	 At TUSM, during the PHPM course, students engage in discussion on how excess medical tests exhaust resources but do not contribute to high value care. During orientation, students talk about certain waste production within healthcare. The school highlights how they try to mitigate this by providing mask recycling on campus. 		

Curriculum: Clinical Applications

	18. In training for patient encounters, does your <u>medical school's</u> curriculum introduce strategies to have conversations with patients about the health effects of climate change?	
2	Yes, there are strategies introduced for having conversations with patients about climate change in the core curriculum.	
1	Yes, there are strategies introduced for having conversations with patients about climate change in elective coursework.	
0	No, there are not strategies introduced for having conversations with patients about climate change	
Not	Not currently covered.	

19. In training for patient encounters, does your <u>medical school's</u> curriculum introduce strategies for taking an environmental history or exposure history?	
2	Yes, the core curriculum includes strategies for taking an environmental history.
1	Only elective coursework includes strategies for taking an environmental history.
0	No, the curriculum does not include strategies for taking an environmental history.
Not currently covered.	

Curriculum: Administrative Support for Planetary Health

	20. Is your <u>medical school</u> currently in the process of implementing or improving Education for Sustainable Healthcare (ESH)/planetary health education?	
4	Yes, the medical school is currently in the process of making major improvements to ESH/planetary health education.	
2	Yes, the medical school is currently in the process of making minor improvements to ESH/planetary health education.	
0	No, there are no improvements to planetary health education in progress.	
We e	We expect to create curriculum content for our integration course, Threads, to include more climate and	

health topics. The beginnings of this initiative have received Dean buy in. It is faculty lead and student

supported.

21. How well are the aforementioned planetary health/Education for Sustainable Healthcare topics integrated longitudinally into the <u>core</u> curriculum?		
6	Planetary health/ESH topics are well integrated into the core medical school curriculum.	
4	Some planetary health/ESH topics are appropriately integrated into the core medical student curriculum.	
2	Planetary health/ESH is not integrated and is primarily addressed in (a) standalone lecture(s).	
0	There is minimal/no education for sustainable healthcare.	
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We are working to integrate it more into the curriculum throughout all courses, however currently this topic is explored primarily in the "Climate Health" lecture in the Threads course.

22. Does your <u>medical school</u> employ a member of faculty to specifically oversee and take responsibility for the incorporation of planetary health and sustainable healthcare as a theme throughout the course?

- Yes, the medical school has a specific faculty/staff member responsible for overseeing curricular integration of planetary health and sustainable healthcare
- No, the **medical school** does **not** have a specific faculty/staff member responsible for overseeing curricular integration of planetary health and sustainable healthcare.

Dr. Laura Corin is the faculty lead for a year long grant working to integrate planetary health and sustainable healthcare into the medical school curriculum.

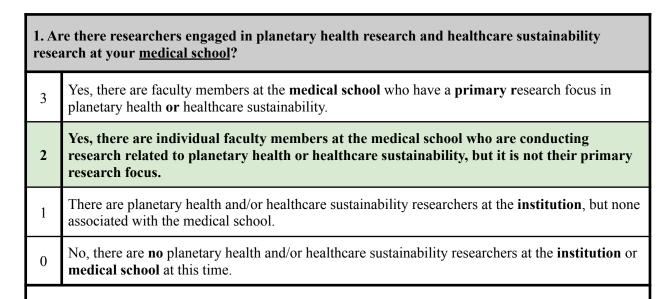
Section Total (33 out of 72)	C-
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Are there additional curriculum resources offered at your medical school or institution not yet asked about that you would like to describe? If so, please do so below.

Interdisciplinary Research

Section Overview: This section evaluates the quality and quantity of interdisciplinary planetary health research at the medical school and broader institution. Interactions between health and the environment are complex and multifactorial. While climate change has been extensively studied from an environmental science perspective, planetary health is an emerging field. As leading health institutions with talented researchers and research resources, medical schools should fund research studying the health effects of climate change and anthropogenic environmental toxins. This obligation is particularly strong because the public and policymakers are more attentive to climate change when its implications for human health are emphasized.



There are individual faculty members at the School of Medicine conducting research in the areas of early life environmental exposure and health, and molecular epidemiology and ecology of emergent vector-borne diseases. Tufts School of Medicine Faculty that are affiliated with the Maine Medical Center Research Institute are conducting projects related to how pollution in well water (arsenic, PFAs) is associated with health outcomes and how rewilding the medical center's landscaping might impact patient health. Additionally, there is a Vector-Borne Disease Laboratory at the MMCRI that conducts research on clinical and environmental aspects of tick transmitted infections.

	2. Is there a dedicated department or institute for interdisciplinary planetary health research at your <u>institution</u> ?	
3	There is at least one dedicated department or institute for interdisciplinary planetary health research.	
There is not currently a department or institute for integrated but there are plans to open one in the next 3 years.	There is not currently a department or institute for interdisciplinary planetary health research, but there are plans to open one in the next 3 years.	
There is an Occupational and Environmental Health department , but no interdiscide department or institute for planetary health research.		
0	There is no dedicated department or institute.	

Although it is not a dedicated department at the medical school, <u>Tufts Institute of the Environment</u> is a broad institution that operates across all of Tufts. Tufts also has the interdisciplinary <u>One Health</u> Center which centers on the belief that human, animal, and environmental health are inextricably linked.

3. Is there a process by which communities disproportionately impacted by climate change and environmental injustice give input or make decisions about the research agenda at your <u>medical school</u>?

- Yes, there is a process in which community members impacted by climate and environmental injustice have **decision-making power** in the climate + environmental research agenda.
- Yes, there is a process in which community members impacted by climate and environmental injustice **advise** the climate + environmental research agenda.
- No, but there are **current efforts** to establish a process for community members to advise or make decisions on the research agenda.
- 0 There is no process, and no efforts to create such a process.

There are no current efforts to create this process.

4. Does your <u>institution</u> have a planetary health website that centralizes ongoing and past research related to health and the environment?

- There is an **easy-to-use**, **adequately comprehensive** website that **centralizes** various campus resources related to health and the environment including all of the following: upcoming events, leaders in planetary health at your institution, and relevant funding opportunities.
- There is a website that attempts to centralize various campus resources related to health and the environment, but it is hard-to-use, not updated, or not adequately comprehensive.
- The **institution** has an **Office of Sustainability website** that includes **some** resources related to health and the environment.
- 0 There is **no** website.

The Tufts Office of Sustainability, based in the undergraduate campus, has a <u>website</u>. It's a great resource, however it receives a score of 2 as it is not tailored to the medical school or medical school students.

5. Has your <u>institution</u> recently hosted a conference or symposium on topics related to planetary health?

Yes, the medical school has hosted at least one conference or symposium on topics related to planetary health in the past year.

3	Yes, the institution has hosted at least one conference or symposium on topics related to planetary health in the past year.	
2	Yes, the institution has hosted a conference on topics related to planetary health in the past three years.	
1	The institution has not hosted any conferences directly, but they have provided financial support for a local planetary health event.	
0	No, the institution has not hosted a conference on topics related to planetary health in the past three years.	

Tufts has hosted the annual <u>Energy Conference</u> for over 15 years. However, the conference is not as publicized to medical students as it could be.

	6. Is your <u>medical school</u> a member of a national or international planetary health or ESH organization?	
1	Yes, the medical school is a member of a national or international planetary health or ESH organization	
0	No, the medical school is not a member of such an organization	
Tuft	Tufts University School of Medicine is part of the Global Consortium.	

Section Total (12 out of 17)	X
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Are there additional research resources offered at your medical school or institution not yet asked about that you would like to describe? If so, please do so below.

Community Outreach and Advocacy

Section Overview: This section evaluates medical school engagement in community outreach and advocacy efforts associated with planetary health. Researching and teaching planetary health is necessary but not sufficient. It is critical that institutions also directly engage with communities most affected by environmental health harms. Although climate change is a problem largely created by those with power and resources, its impacts fall disproportionately on under-resourced populations and communities of color. Institutions should partner with local communities affected by climate change and pollution to share information about environmental health threats, advocate together for change, and provide opportunities for students to be a part of this work.

1. Does your <u>medical school</u> partner with community organizations to promote planetary and environmental health?	
3	Yes, the medical school meaningfully partners with multiple community organizations to promote planetary and environmental health.
2	Yes, the medical school meaningfully partners with one community organization to promote planetary and environmental health.
1	The institution partners with community organizations, but the medical school is not part of that partnership.
0	No, there is no such meaningful community partnership.

Most Tufts University School of Medicine students participate in <u>Community Service Learning</u> projects that require them to engage and interface with different community organizations, but, at this time, there are not any projects that specifically focus on planetary health. This is a goal topic for future projects.

2. Does your medical school offer community-facing courses or events regarding planetary health? 3 The medical school offers community-facing courses or events at least once every year. 2 The medical school offers courses or events open to the community at least once per year, but they are not primarily created for a community audience. 1 The institution has offered community-facing courses or events, but the medical school was not involved in planning those courses or events. 0 The institution/medical school have not offered such community-facing courses or events.

Tufts University Office of Sustainability releases information to those subscribed to their newsletter regarding lectures, or events that discuss climate change and environmental issues.

3. Does your medical school have regular coverage of issues related to planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare in university update communications?

Yes, all students regularly receive communication updates dedicated to planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare.

Yes, planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare topics are sometimes included in communication updates.

Students do not receive communications about planetary health or sustainable healthcare.

The Tufts Office of Sustainability has a monthly email but students must opt-in to receive it. We've also secured a portion of our weekly student email to include sustainable tips and happenings.

- 4. Does the <u>institution</u> or <u>main affiliated hospital trust</u> engage in professional education activities targeting individuals post graduation with the aim of ensuring their knowledge and skills in planetary health and sustainable healthcare remain up to date during their professional career?
- Yes, the **institution** or **main affiliated hospital trust** offers multiple in-person or online courses relating to planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare for post-graduate providers, including at least one with a primary focus of planetary health.
- Yes, the **institution** or **main affiliated hospital trust** offers one course relating to planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare for post-graduate providers
- 0 There are no such accessible courses for post-graduate providers

To our knowledge, Tufts University School of Medicine does not offer any continuing medical education (CME) courses that address planetary health.

- 5. Does your <u>medical school</u> or its primary <u>affiliated hospital</u> have accessible educational materials for patients about environmental health exposures?
- 2 Yes, **all** affiliated hospitals have accessible educational materials for patients.
- 1 Some affiliated hospitals have accessible educational materials for patients.
- 0 No affiliated medical centers have accessible educational materials for patients.

Brochures and learning materials regarding environmental health exposures are offered in certain clinics at Tufts Medical Center and affiliated hospitals.

- 6. Does your <u>medical school</u> or its <u>primary affiliated hospital</u> have accessible educational materials for patients about climate change and health impacts?
- 2 Yes, **all** affiliated hospitals have accessible educational materials for patients.

1	1 Some affiliated hospitals have accessible educational materials for patients.	
0	No affiliated hospitals have accessible educational materials for patients.	

Brochures and learning materials regarding health impacts and climate change are offered in certain clinics at Tufts Medical Center and affiliated hospitals.

Section Total (4 out of 14)	D
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Are there additional community engagement and advocacy resources offered at your medical school or institution not yet asked about that you would like to describe? If so, please do so below.

Support for Student-Led Planetary Health Initiatives

<u>Section Overview:</u> This section evaluates institutional support for student-led planetary health initiatives, such as funding, fellowships, programming, and student groups. Planetary health is a young field and, as young people facing a future deeply shaped by climate change, students are often some of the first at an institution to engage with it. Institutions should provide support for students to engage in sustainability quality improvement (QI) initiatives, discover mentors in their area of interest, and receive funding for planetary health projects.

1. Does your <u>medical school</u> or your <u>institution</u> offer support for medical students interested in enacting a sustainability initiative/QI project?	
2	Yes, the medical school or institution <i>either</i> offers grants for students to enact sustainability initiatives/QI projects <i>or</i> sustainability QI projects are part of the core curriculum.
1	The medical school or institution encourages sustainability QI projects (to fulfill clerkship or longitudinal requirements) and offers resources to help students succeed in these projects, but there is no student funding available and there is no requirement to participate.
0	No, neither the medical school or the institution offer opportunities or support for sustainability initiatives or QI projects.

Tufts Medical School does not offer any sustainable initiative projects specifically, but Tufts as an institution sponsors <u>Green Grants</u> up to \$40,000. We won one on the medical school campus to begin a community garden.

2. Does your institution offer opportunities for medical students to do research relate	d to
planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare?	

The institution has a specific research program or fellowship for students interested in doing planetary health/sustainable healthcare research.

There are research opportunities for students to perform research related to planetary health/sustainable healthcare, but these require student initiative to seek these out and carry them out in their spare time.

There are no opportunities for students to engage in planetary health/sustainable healthcare research.

Tufts offers students a funded interdisciplinary environmental research fellowship with retreats, workshops, and presentations.

3. Does the <u>medical school</u> have a webpage where medical students can find specific information related to planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare activities and mentors within the medical school? For example, projects achieved, current initiatives underway at the medical school and/or contact of information of potential mentors.

2	The medical school has a webpage with specific information related to planetary health or sustainable healthcare that includes up-to-date information on relevant initiatives and contact information of potential mentors.	
1	There is a medical school webpage that features some information on projects and mentors within planetary health and sustainable healthcare within the medical school, but it lacks key information.	
0	There is no medical-school specific webpage for locating planetary health and/or sustainable healthcare projects or mentors.	

The medical school does not have a specific webpage for locating planetary health nor sustainable healthcare projects or mentors.

- 4. Does your <u>medical school</u> have registered student groups dedicated towards fostering a culture of planetary health engagement, scholarship, and advocacy on campus, supported by faculty advisors?
- Yes, there is a student organization with faculty support at my medical school dedicated to planetary health or sustainability in healthcare.
- Yes, there is a student organization at my medical school dedicated to planetary health or sustainability in healthcare but it **lacks faculty support.**
- No, there is **not** a student organization at my institution dedicated to planetary health or sustainability in healthcare.

Tufts University has a chapter of MS4SF with a faculty advisor.

- 5. Is there a student liaison representing sustainability interests who serves on a <u>medical school</u> or <u>institutional</u> decision-making council to advocate for curriculum reform and/or sustainability best practices?
 - Yes, there is a student representative that serves on a medical school or institutional decision-making council/committee.
 - 0 No, there is no such student representative.

We have a student representative involved in the Tufts Sustainability Committee, tasked with formulating high level goals and strategies for the university's sustainability plan. This role could be filled by a medical, dental, or veterinary school student depending on the year.

We have an unofficial Sustainability Officer within the medical school but they are not invited to any official or decision making meetings.

6. In the past year, has the <u>institution</u> had one or more co-curricular planetary health programs or initiatives in the following categories? (1 point each)		
1	Projects where students are able to gain experience in organic agriculture and sustainable food systems, such as gardens, farms, community supported agriculture (CSA), fishery programs, or urban agriculture projects.	
1	Panels, speaker series, or similar events related to planetary health that have students as an intended audience.	
1	Events in which students learn directly from members of a local environmental justice community about the climate and environmental challenges they face, and how health professionals can partner with their community to address these exposures and impacts.	
1	Cultural arts events, installations or performances related to planetary health that have students as an intended audience.	
1	Local volunteer opportunities related to building community resilience to anthropogenic environmental impacts.	
1	Wilderness or outdoors programs (e.g., that organize hiking, backpacking, kayaking, or other outings for students)	

Tufts has a Wilderness Medicine Interest Group that organizes camping events and wilderness medicine skills days. Tufts MS4SF also hosted a 12 part speaker series relating to health and climate. Tufts Medical School campus also has a garden. Tufts MS4SF has also partnered with Environmental Massachusetts on how to engage in advocacy and participate in local lobbying events relating to health and sustainability.

Section Total (11 out of 15)	В
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Are there additional student-led initiative resources offered at your medical school or institution not yet asked about that you would like to describe? If so, please do so below.

Campus Sustainability

Section Overview: This section evaluates the support and engagement in sustainability initiatives by the medical school and/or institution. The healthcare industry is a major contributor to greenhouse gas emissions as well as pollution that harms local, regional, and global ecosystems. While healthcare is, by nature, a resource-intensive endeavor, the healthcare sector is well poised to lead the world to a more sustainable future. This will involve scrutinizing every aspect of how our systems operate, from where we source our energy, to how we build our infrastructure, to what companies we invest in. Our medical schools, clinics, and hospitals must set the standard for sustainable practices, and show other sectors what is possible when it comes to minimizing environmental impact.

1. Does your medical school and/or institution have an Office of Sustainability?		
3	Yes, there is an Office of Sustainability with multiple full-time staff dedicated to campus sustainability. If the Office of Sustainability serves the entire campus, there is at least one designated staff member for sustainability at the hospital and/or medical school.	
2	There is an Office of Sustainability with one or more full-time staff dedicated to campus sustainability, but no specific staff member in charge of medical school and/or hospital sustainability.	
1	There are no salaried sustainability staff , but there is a sustainability task force or committee	
0	There are no staff members or task force responsible for overseeing campus sustainability	

Tufts University has an Office of Sustainability which includes a program director, recycling and waste reduction coordinator, a communications specialist, 4 sustainability interns, 1 research intern, and 2 recycling interns, 3 Eco-Rep Interns, and 4 communication interns, and 2 green fund interns.

There is one intern on the Boston campus who is in the MPH program.

2. How ambitious is your institution/medical school plan to reduce its own carbon footprint?		
5	The institution/medical school has a written and approved plan to achieve carbon neutrality by 2030	
3	The institution/medical school has a written and approved plan to achieve carbon neutrality by 2040	
1	The institution/medical school has a stated goal of carbon neutrality by 2040 but has not created a plan to reach that goal or the plan is inadequate	
0	The institution/medical school does not meet any of the requirements listed above	
	Tufts University has a goal to reach Carbon Neutrality by 2050, but there is no specific goal to reach carbon neutrality for the medical school.	

3. Do buildings/infrastructure used by the <u>medical school</u> for teaching (not including the hospital) utilize renewable energy?		
3	Yes medical school buildings are 100% powered by renewable energy	
2	Medical school buildings source >80% of energy needs from off-site and/or on-site renewable energy.	
1	Medical school buildings source >20% of energy needs from off-site and/or on-site renewable energy.	
0	Medical school buildings source <20% of energy needs from off-site and/or on-site renewable energy.	

The Dental School building, which shares a campus with the Medical School, is certified LEED Silver. Tufts also has 8 solar arrays.

4. Are sustainable building practices utilized for new and old buildings on the <u>medical school</u> campus, with design and construction of new buildings and remodeling of old buildings conforming to a published sustainability rating system or building code/guideline?

- Yes, sustainable building practices are utilized for new buildings on the medical school campus and the **majority** of old buildings **have been retrofitted** to be more sustainable.
- 2 Sustainable building practices are utilized for new buildings on the medical school campus, but most old buildings have not been retrofitted.
- 1 Sustainable building practices are **inadequately or incompletely** implemented for new buildings.
- O Sustainability is **not considered** in the construction of new buildings.

The Tufts Dental School was expanded vertically and the new construction was LEED Silver. However, the medical school is older and has not been updated.

5. Has the <u>medical school</u> implemented strategies to encourage and provide environmentally-friendly transportation options for students and reduce the environmental impact of commuting?

- Yes, the medical school has implemented strategies to encourage and provide environmentally-friendly transportation options such as safe active transport, public transport, or carpooling and these options are well-utilized by students. Alternatively, the campus location is not amenable to unsustainable forms of transportation by default.
- 1 The medical school has implemented some strategies to provide environmentally-friendly transportation options, but the options are unsatisfactorily accessible or advertised.
- The medical school has **not** implemented strategies to encourage and provide environmentally-friendly transportation options.

Tufts offers significantly discounted public transit passes as well as discounted bike share memberships, which are offered through the student payment center and advertised via email to students. However, it is difficult to access off-campus clinical sites without a car and in the third year and beyond most students drive.

6. Does your medical school have an organics recycling program	(compost) and a conventional
recycling program (aluminum/paper/plastic/glass)?	

- Yes, the medical school has both compost and recycling programs accessible to students and faculty.

 The medical school has either recycling or compost programs accessible to students and faculty.
- The medical school has **either** recycling **or** compost programs accessible to students and faculty, but not both.
- 0 There is **no** compost or recycling program at the medical school.

Tufts has recycling throughout the building and a compost bin located in the Medical School cafeteria common space. There are also current efforts in play to expand composting services.

7. Does the <u>medical school</u> apply sustainability criteria when making decisions about the campus food and beverage selections (e.g. local sourcing, reduced meat, decreased plastic packaging)?

- Yes, the medical school has a**dequate** sustainability requirements for food and beverages, including meat-free days or no red-meat, and **is engaged** in efforts to increase food and beverage sustainability.
- There are sustainability guidelines for food and beverages, but they are **insufficient or optional**. The medical school **is engaged** in efforts to increase food and beverage sustainability.
- There are sustainability guidelines for food and beverages, but they are insufficient or optional. The medical school is not engaged in efforts to increase food and beverage sustainability.
- There are **no** sustainability guidelines for food and beverages.

Tufts as an institution has made these efforts but to our knowledge they don't strongly apply to the medical school.

8. Does the <u>medical school</u> or <u>institution</u> apply sustainability criteria when making decisions about supply procurement?

- Yes, the medical school has **adequate** sustainability requirements for supply procurement **and** is **engaged** in efforts to increase sustainability of procurement.
- There are sustainability guidelines for supply procurement, but they are **insufficient or optional.**The medical school is **engaged** in efforts to increase sustainability of procurement.
- There are sustainability guidelines for supply procurement, but they are **insufficient or optional.**The medical school is **not engaged** in efforts to increase sustainability of procurement.

0 There are no sustainability guidelines for supply procurement.

To our knowledge there are no sustainability guidelines for supply procurement.

9. Are there sustainability requirements or guidelines for events hosted at the medical school? Every event hosted at the medical school must abide by sustainability criteria. The medical school strongly recommends or incentivizes sustainability measures, but they are

0 There are no sustainability guidelines for medical school events.

<u>Tips and tricks for sustainable events</u> exist, but they are not strongly advertised, recommended, nor incentivized.

10. Does your <u>medical school</u> have programs and initiatives to assist with making lab spaces more environmentally sustainable?

- Yes, the medical school has **programs** and **initiatives** to assist with making lab spaces more environmentally sustainable.
- There are **guidelines** on how to make lab spaces more environmentally sustainable, but not programs or initiatives.
- 0 There are no efforts at the medical school to make lab spaces more sustainable.

Guidelines and processes to make lab spaces more sustainable are currently being developed.

11. Does your institution's endowment portfolio investments include fossil-fuel companies?

- The institution is **entirely divested** from fossil fuels **and** has made a **commitment to reinvest divested funds** into renewable energy companies or renewable energy campus initiatives.
- 3 The institution is **entirely divested** from fossil fuels.
- The institution has partially divested from fossil fuel companies or has made a commitment to fully divest, but currently still has fossil fuel investments.
- The institution has **not divested** from fossil-fuel companies, but faculty and/or students are **conducting organized advocacy** for divestment.
- Yes, the institution has investments with fossil-fuel companies and there have been **no efforts** to change that.

Tufts divested from 120 coal and tar sand companies but still holds commingled funds.

Section Total (11 out of 32)

not required.

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Are there additional sustainability resources offered at your medical school or institution not yet asked about that you would like to describe? If so, please do so below.

Grading

Section Overview

This section focuses on the grading of the report card. The institution received a grade for each of the individual sections as well as an overall institutional grade. Section point totals were tallied, divided by the total points available for the section, and converted to a percentage. The overall institutional grade is a weighted average of the section grades, with curriculum receiving a higher weight owing to its larger number of metrics. Letter grades for each section and the institution overall were then assigned according to the table below.

Letter Grade*	Percentage	
A	80% - 100%	
В	60% - 79%	
С	40% - 59%	
D	20% - 39%	
F	0% - 19%	

^{*}Within each grade bracket, a score in the top 5% (_5 to_9%), receives a "+", and a score in the bottom 5% (0- 4%) receives a "--". For example, a percentage score of 78% would be a B+.

12+12.25+4.9+12.775+5.95

Planetary Health Grades for the Tufts University School of Medicine

The following table presents the individual section grades and overall institutional grade for the Tufts University School of Medicine on this medical-school-specific Planetary Health Report Card.

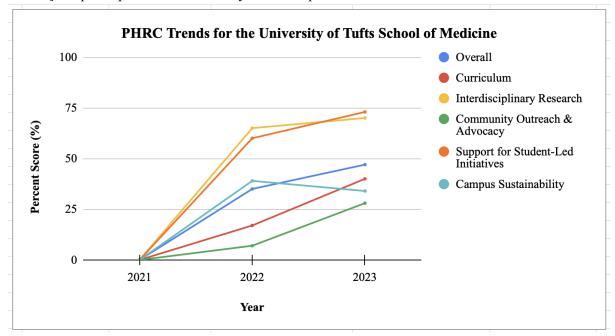
Section	Raw Score %	Letter Grade
Planetary Health Curriculum (30%)	$(29/72) \times 100 = 40\%$	C-
Interdisciplinary Research (17.5%)	$(12/17) \times 100 = 70\%$	В
Community Outreach and Advocacy (17.5%)	(4/14) x 100 = 28%	D
Support for Student-led Planetary Health Initiatives (17.5%)	(11/15) x 100= 73%	В
Campus Sustainability (17.5%)	$(11/32) \times 100 = 34\%$	D

Institutional Grade	(Ax0.3 + Bx0.175 + Cx0.175 + Dx0.175 + Ex0.175) = 47.87%	С
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Report Card Trends

Section Overview

This graph demonstrates trends in overall and section grades for the years in which [INSTITUTION NAME] has participated in the Planetary Health Report Card initiative.



(For those teams that have participated in the PHRC initiative for more than one year, we have created this Google spreadsheet which can be used to generate a graphical representation of the school's trends of section-based and overall scores. You can either plug the numbers into the table and then just copy and paste your graph into your report, or you can create a copy of the Google spreadsheet so you can have a version long term to update and edit. Here is the link to the spreadsheet to create your graph if you would like to include one.)